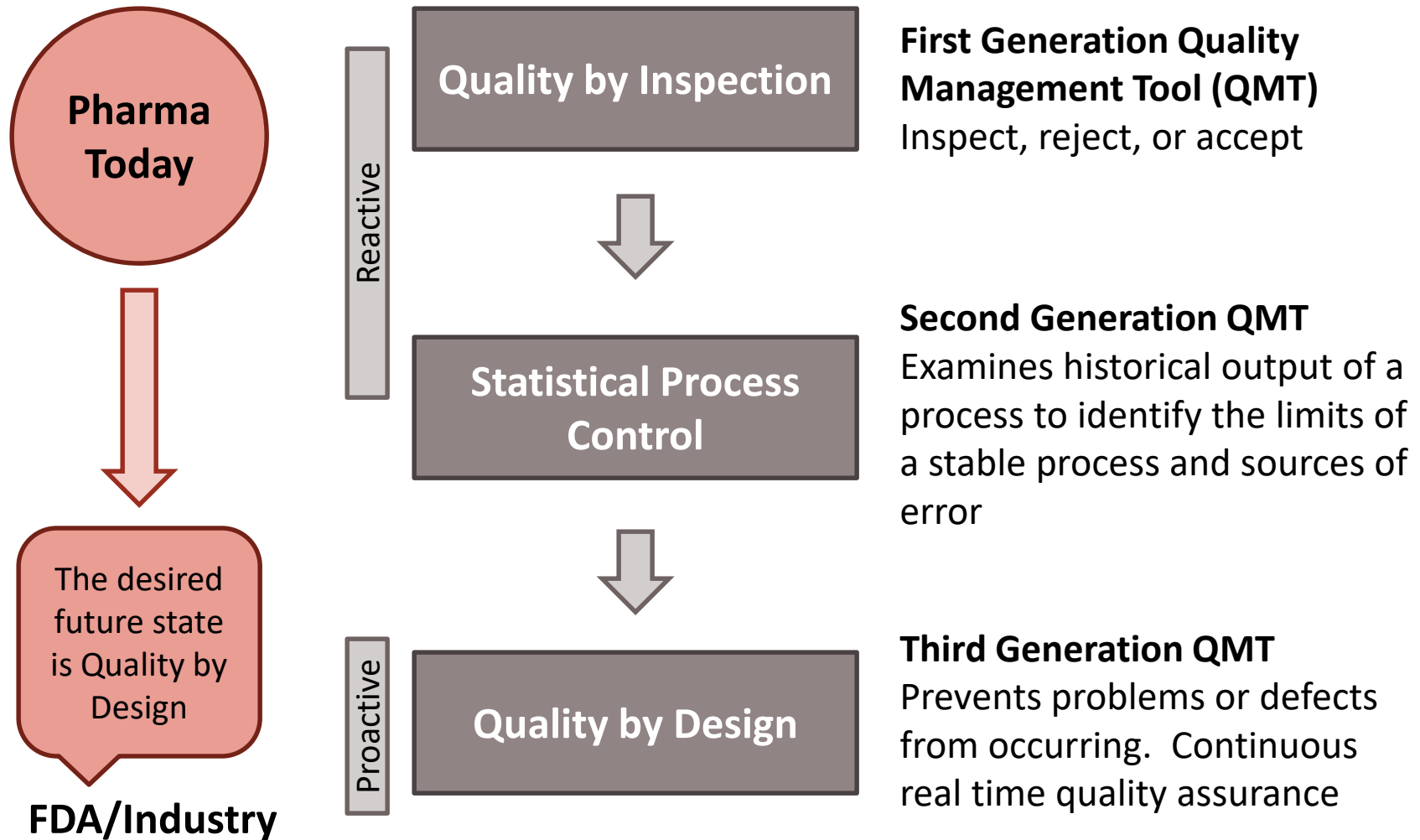
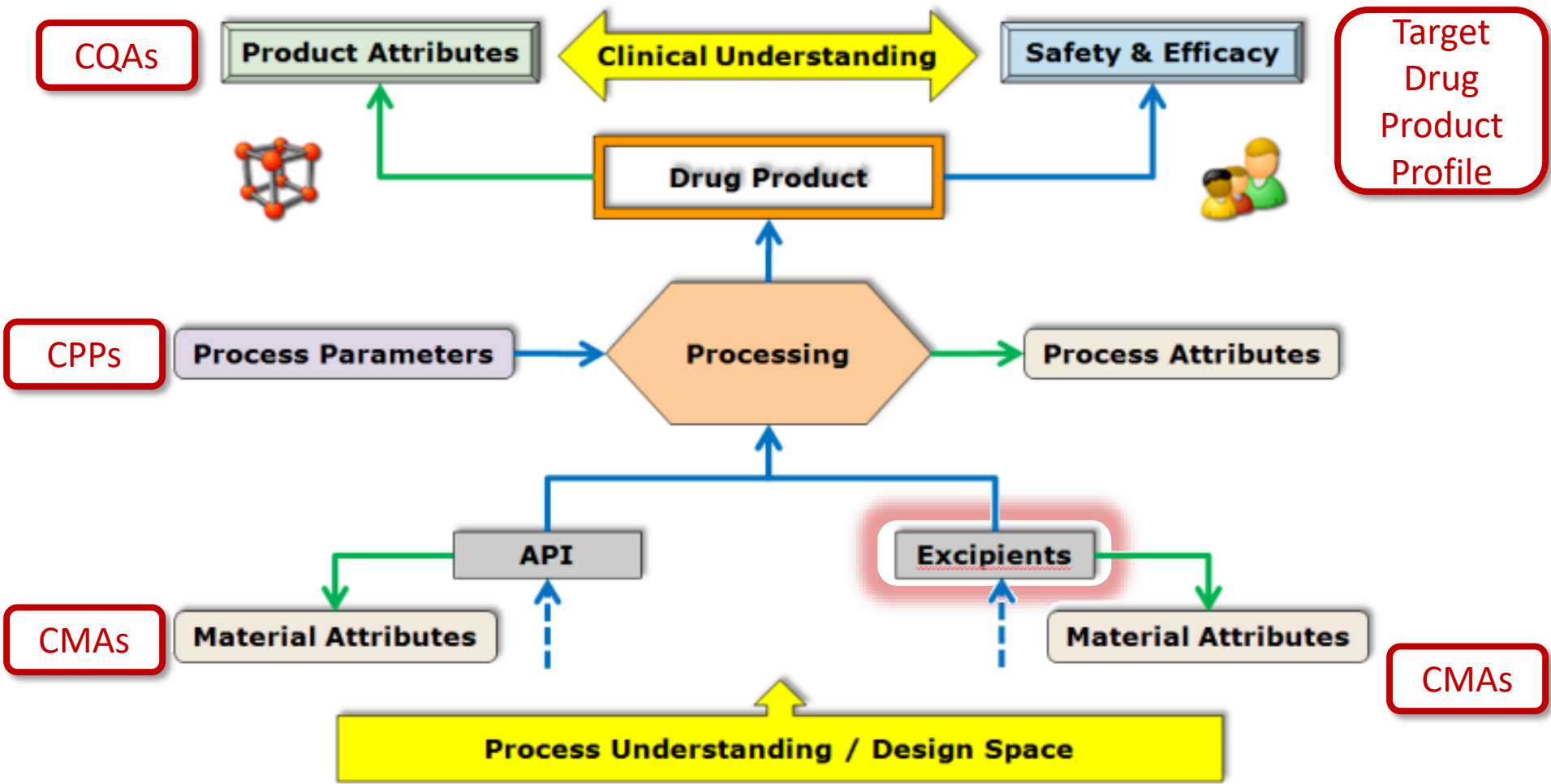


The role of the excipient supplier  
in supporting QbD  
in the pharmaceutical industry

# Quality is evolving...



# Goal of QbD



**Target Drug Product Profile  $\rightarrow$  CQA = f(CPP, CMA)**

# Understanding impact of raw material variability on CQAs

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- **Formulation & process design must accommodate raw material variability (robustness)**
- **Design space (beyond experience space) must “demonstrate” absence of raw material impact on CQAs**
- **Critical material attributes and DOE**
  - Good design minimizes impact of known material attributes
  - Design around known attributes (e.g.: appropriate sourcing and grade selection)
  - More to CMAs than just specifications
    - Unspecified attributes (beyond CofA/Pharmacopoeiae)
    - Potential issue when raw material attribute interacts with unknown criticality in design (formula and/or process)

# Application criticalities?

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- **Situations that can trigger failure**
- **Criticalities are not designed**
  - Unanticipated, interactions
  - Variable (scale-dependent?)
  - Not always intrinsic to an excipient

***Significant impact if minor raw material variability  
interacts with a criticality!***

- **Potential MCC-related failures:**
  - Overgranulation leading to API entrapment in coarser and denser granules
  - Drug release rate is dependent on tablet hardness/density if insufficient amount of disintegrant is used

# Knowledge sharing

<b>Known to User?</b>  No          Yes	<b>QbD Express</b>	<b><u>Un</u>known Knowns</b>	<b><u>Un</u>known <u>Un</u>knowns</b>	<b>QbD Express</b>
	Attributes known to excipient supplier, which could impact finished product performance including CQAs.  <i>e.g.: Variability of high volume continuously manufactured excipients not reflected in C of A data</i>  <i>e.g.: Unspecified attributes</i>	Interaction of material attribute with finished product criticality leading to unanticipated modes of failure (material attribute critical to specific performance but not a standalone CMA).  <i>e.g.: ?, attribute not critical in itself but becomes critical if variability impacts (unknown) finished product sensitivity or weakness</i>		
	<b>Known Knowns</b>	<b>Known <u>Un</u>knowns</b>	<b>Industry – Supplier Collaboration</b>	
	Attributes known to both parties and specified.  <i>e.g.: C of A attributes</i>  <i>e.g.: Coarser grades of Avicel PH are more free flowing</i>	Undisclosed raw material impacts not fed back to supplier for control or excipient development.  <i>e.g.: Failure to specify fitness for purpose requirements (composition/functionality)</i>	Yes	No
	<b>Known to FMC?</b>			

# Importance of collaboration



**Supplier  
Knowledge**

**Shared  
Understanding**

**Industry  
Knowledge**

**Collaboration is crucial to identify:**

impact of variability from previously unspecified raw material attributes in development and existing products

and

existence of criticalities and their potential relationship to MCC – elimination of failures



***aims to bridge the knowledge gap***

# FMC's offering in QbD

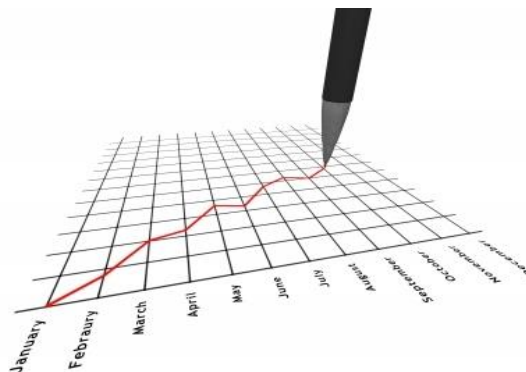


**Samples**



- Representing FMC's operating space

**Data**



- Physical and functional attributes

**Expertise**



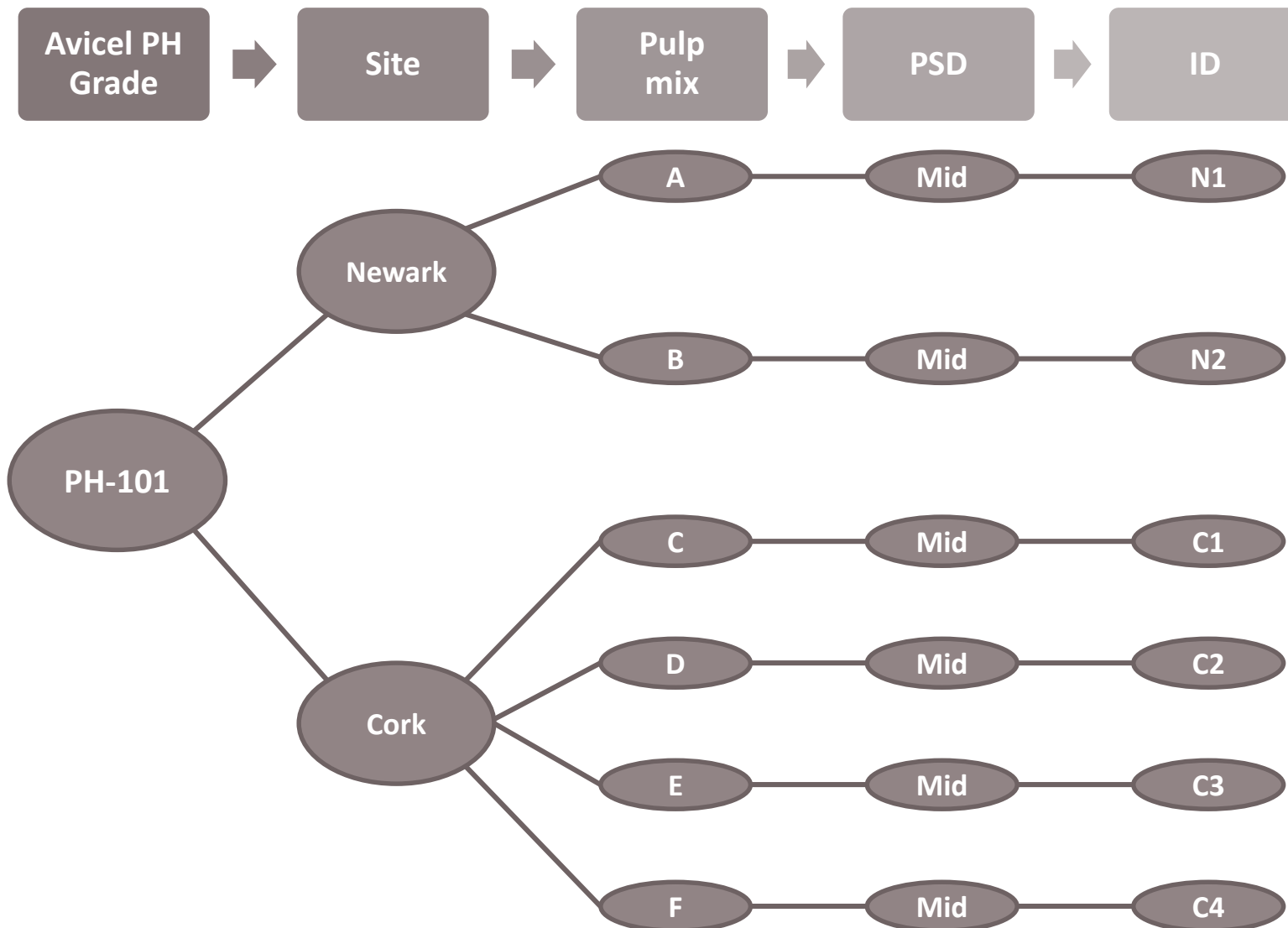
- Formulation science
- OSDF process technology
- Process control
- Regulatory implications

***On-time, every time!***



# Sample library

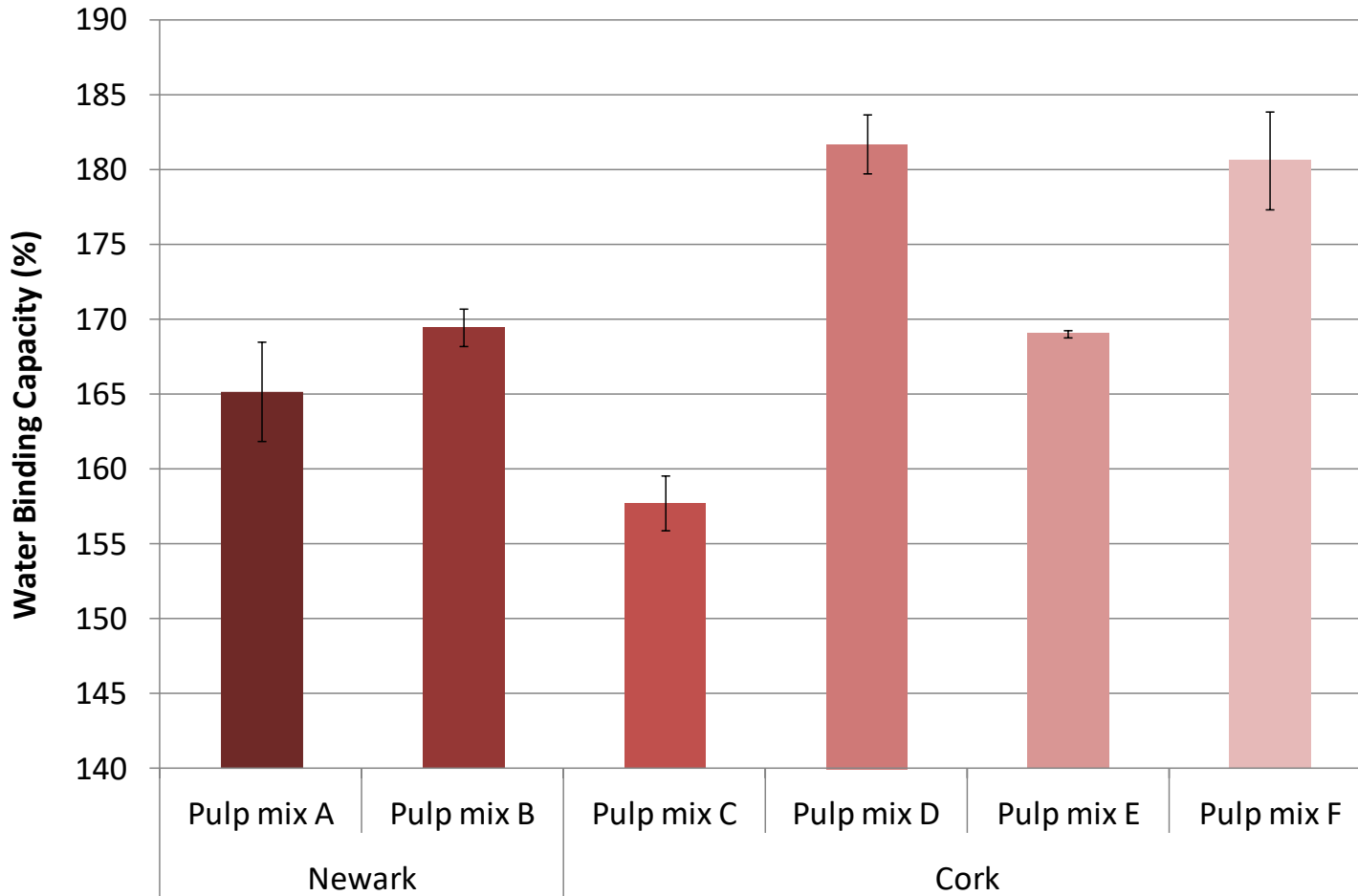
Differentiation of PH-101  
by manufacturing site, pulp mix, and particle size



# MCC-water interaction (WBC) is not consistent or controlled commercially



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The foregoing test results relate to the specific procedure and formulation used and may vary depending on the procedure and formulation. As a result, one should not rely on the test results herein as an indicator of how a given pulp will perform in other processes and formulations.

# Case Study: Critical role of MCC in extrusion/spheronization

## Avicel PH importance

- PH-101 pulp combination impact pellet properties

## Formulation

Ingredient	Weight (%)
Theophylline	15.8
PH101	36.8
Wetting agent (H <sub>2</sub> O)	47.4

## Equipment



Make: Fuji  
Model: MG 55



Make: Fuji  
Model: QJ 230T

## Variables

Avicel	Pulp mix
PH101	C
PH101	D
PH101	E

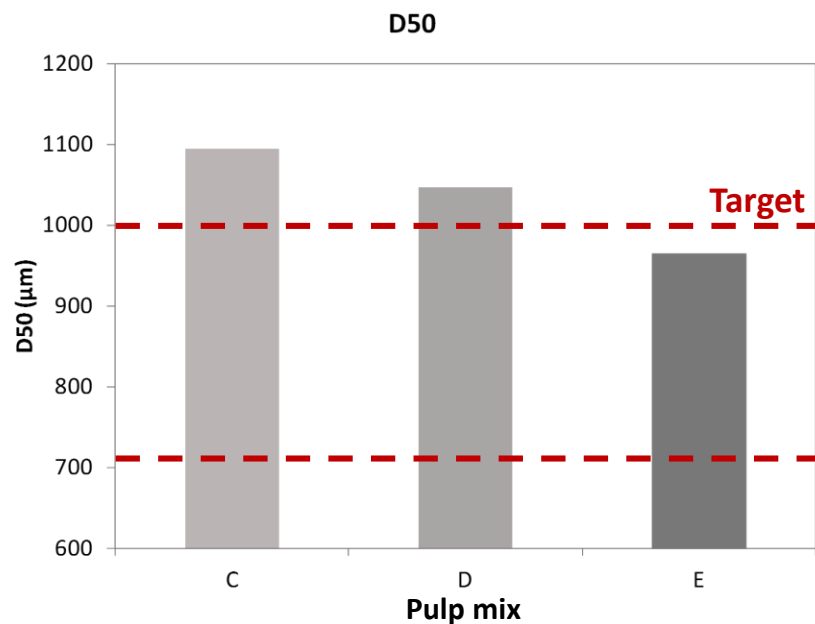
## Target pellet size

- 710-1000µm (#25-#18)

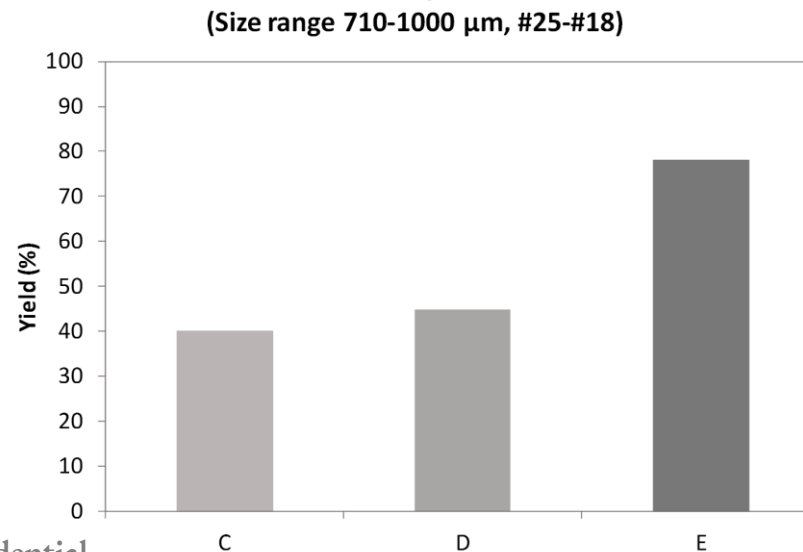
## Response

- Pellet size & distribution
- Yield (Desired Pellets / Total pellets)

# Case Study: Results



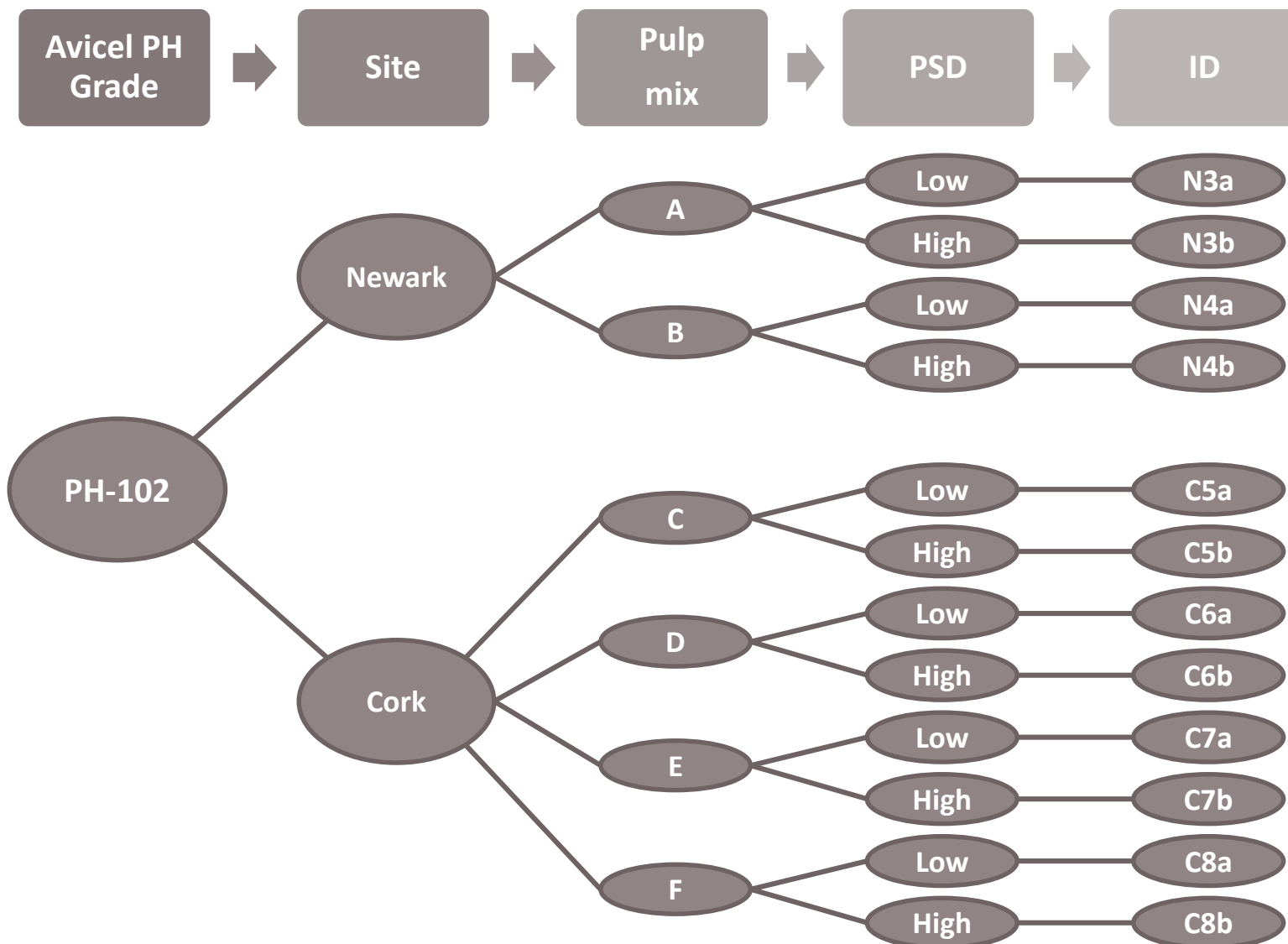
- Within the chosen formulation and under identical process parameters, different versions of Avicel PH-101 produced variance in pellet size, pellet size distribution, and to pellet yield
- Significance of impact increased as target range of pellet size got tighter



The foregoing test results relate to the specific procedure and formulation used and may vary depending on the procedure and formulation. As a result, one should not rely on the test results herein as an indicator of how a given pulp will perform in other extrusion/spheronization processes and formulations.

# Sample library

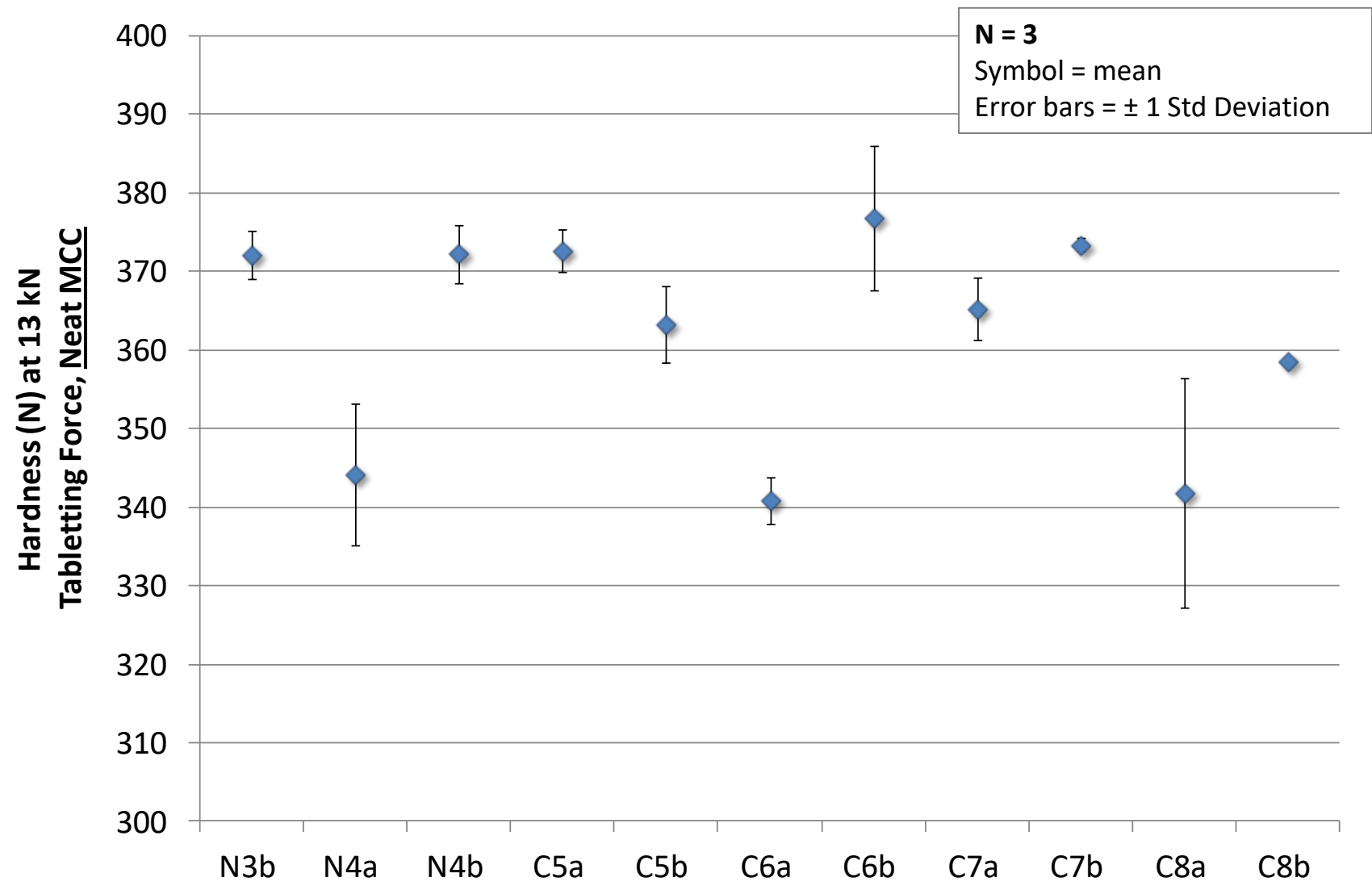
Differentiation of PH-102  
by manufacturing site, pulp mix, and particle size



# MCC compactibility may vary slightly but is not controlled commercially



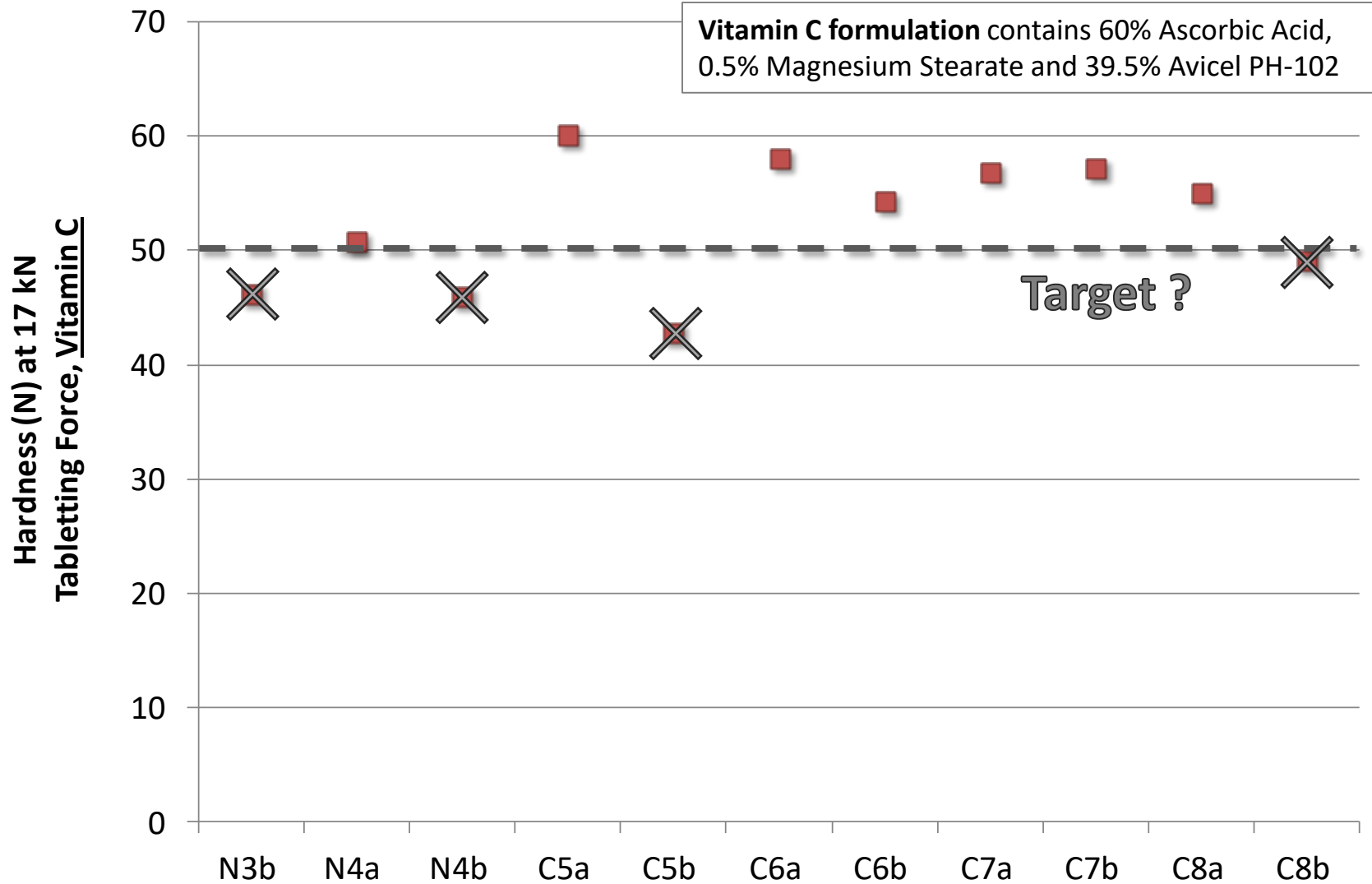
FMC BioPolymer  
Pharmaceutical Excipients



# Could MCC variability impact your minimum compactibility requirements?



FMC BioPolymer  
Pharmaceutical Excipients



# Benefits of QbD Express™

1 Understand variability in FMC's operating space

- New Drug Development
  - Maximize robustness and reduce impact of MCC and XL-CMC variability
- Existing Products
  - Benchmarking of QbD Express
  - Identify MCC and XL-CMC based quality enhancement **with no regulatory barriers**
  - Eliminate marginal performance and optimize yields
- Supplier Benchmarking

QbD

OE

Supplier  
Mgmt

2 Access tailored solutions to optimize outcomes

- New specifications
  - Within current FMC operating space and no need for regulatory approval
- New grades
  - Within FMC Process Capabilities



# QbD Express™ – Fulfillment

## Feedback

